

CHILDREN'S SPECIAL HEALTH SERVICES



NORTH DAKOTA
DEPARTMENT of HEALTH
Children's Special Health Services

MEDICAL CONDITION LIST

Medical eligibility is based on a list of conditions which has been established with the advice of a Medical Advisory Council and is subject to change.

ACQUIRED BRAIN INJURY
ADENOID HYPERTROPHY causing SLEEP APNEA
ALPHA 1-ANTITRYPSIN DEFICIENCY
AMINO ACID DISORDERS, limited to:
 Argininemia
 Argininosuccinic acidemia (ASA lyase deficiency)
 Citrullinemia (ASA synthetase deficiency)
 Glutathione synthase deficiency (5-oxoprolinuria)
 Homocystinuria (cystathione synthase deficiency)
 Hypermethioninemia
 Hyperornithinemia, hyperammonemia, homocitrullinemia (HHH syndrome)
 Hyperornithinemia or ornithine oxo-acid aminotransferase deficiency
 Maple syrup urine disease
 Nonketotic hyperglycinemia
 Ornithine transcarbamylase deficiency (OTC)
 Phenylketonuria;
 Tyrosinemia (I, II, III);
AMPUTATION
AMYOTONIA CONGENITA requiring rehabilitative measures
ANAL STENOSIS & IMPERFORATE ANUS
ANEMIAS (excluding minor anemias), including sickle cell
APLASIA CUTIS CONGENITA, severe, requiring surgery & ECTODERMAL DYSPLASIA
ARNOLD-CHIARI DEFORMITY
ARTHROGRYPOSIS
ASTHMA, persistent, requiring controller medications
ATAXIAS, FAMILIAL DEGENERATIVE DISEASE requiring rehabilitative measures

BILE DUCT ATRESIA
BIRTH INJURY (ERB's PALSY, etc.) requiring bracing or surgery
BONE CYST requiring surgery
BONE TUMORS, benign, requiring surgery, including OSTEOCHONDROMAS
BONY DEFORMITIES requiring bracing, casting or surgery & POST-TRAUMATIC DEFORMITY (orthopedic or severe soft tissue deformity due to injury)
BOWED LEGS, severe
BRAIN TUMORS requiring surgery and/or radiation
BRANCHIOGENIC CLEFT CYST requiring surgery
BREAST HYPOPLASIA causing considerable psychological problems requiring surgery
BURNS, severe, acute, including residuals

CANCER, including CANCER OF EYE
CATARACTS

CELIAC DISEASE
CEREBRAL PALSY, congenital or acquired, requiring rehabilitative measures
CHOANAL ATRESIA
CLEFT LIP AND/OR PALATE, including SHORT PALATE
CORNEAL TRANSPLANTS
CRANIOSTENOSIS (premature synostosis)
CYSTIC FIBROSIS
CYSTIC HYGROMA
CYSTINOSIS

DENTAL DISORDERS, congenital
DIABETES INSIPIDUS
DIABETES MELLITUS, TYPE I and TYPE II
DIAPHRAGMATIC HERNIA
DISLOCATION OF HIPS OR OTHER JOINTS

EAR DEFORMITY
EHLERS-DANLOS DISEASE
ENCEPHALITIS, POLIOMYELITIS OR MENINGITIS, residuals of
ENUCLEATION (removal of eyeball)
EOSINOPHILIC GASTROENTERITIS
EPIDERMOLYSIS BULLOSA
ESOPHAGEAL VARICES
EYE WOUNDS, penetrating
EYELID DEFORMITY requiring surgery, congenital

FACE DEFORMITY
FATTY ACID OXIDATION DISORDERS, limited to:
 2,4 dienoyl-CoA reductase deficiency
 Long chain 3-OH acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (LCHAD)
 Carnitine/acylcarnitine translocase deficiency (CACT)
 Carnitine palmitoyltransferase deficiency-type I (CPTI)
 Carnitine palmitoyltransferase deficiency-type II (CPTII)
 Carnitine transport defect (CTD)
 Medium chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (MCAD)
 Multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (MADD) or glutaric acidemia-type II (GAII)
 Short chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (SCAD) (ethylmalonic academia)
 Trifunctional protein deficiency (TFP Deficiency)
 Very long chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (VLCAD)
FEMORAL CAPITAL EPIPHYSIS, slipped
FRACTURES, complicated or malunited
FRUCTOSE METABOLISM DISTURBANCE

GASTROINTESTINAL TRACT ANOMALIES, congenital (including gastroschisis)

GENITO-URINARY TRACT ANOMALIES, congenital, severe and requiring surgery
GENU RECURVATUM, severe
GLAUCOMA, congenital
GLYCOGEN STORAGE DISEASE
GROWTH HORMONE DEFICIENCY
GUILLAIN-BARRE DISEASE, severe, acute, requiring tracheotomy and/or ventilation, including residuals

HALLERVORDEN-SPATZ DISEASE including infusion pump
HEARING LOSS
HEART CONDITIONS, congenital or acquired
HEMANGIOMA, medically significant
HEMOGLOBINOPATHIES, limited to:
Sickle cell anemia
Thalassemia
HEMOPHILIA including deformities
HISTIOCYTOSIS X (eosinophilic granuloma)
HYDROCEPHALUS requiring surgery
HYPERCHOLESTEROLEMIA, congenital, including familial combined hyperlipidemia
HYPOPARATHYROIDISM, congenital or if suspected to last longer than two years
HYPOPHOSPHATEMIC RICKETS
HYPOTHALAMIC ADRENAL INSUFFICIENCY

ICHTHYOSIFORM ERYTHRODERMA, congenital, severe
IMMUNODEFICIENCY STATES
INFLAMMATORY BOWEL DISEASE including Crohn's Disease and ulcerative colitis
INTERSEX DISORDERS, congenital

JOINT DEFORMITY, CLUBFEET AND CLUBHANDS, severe, requiring bracing, casting, surgery or physical therapy

KNOCK-KNEES, severe
KYPHOSIS, adolescent, requiring bracing or surgery

LARYNGEAL PAPILOMA
LEUKEMIA
LEUKODYSTROPHY

MALOCCLUSION, handicapping
MASTOIDITIS, chronic
MEGACOLON requiring surgery
METABOLIC DISORDERS, limited to:
Biotinidase deficiency
Congenital adrenal hyperplasia (CAH)
Galactosemia
Hypothyroidism, congenital
MICROCEPHALY, diagnosis only
MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS (MPS) (including variants)
MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY

NEPHROSIS & CHRONIC NEPHRITIS
NERVE INJURIES, chronic
NEUROFIBROMATOSIS
NEVI with malignant potential

2-methylbutyryl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency
3-methylcrotonyl-CoA carboxylase deficiency
3-methylglutaconic-CoA hydratase deficiency
3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl-CoA lyase deficiency
Glutaric acidemia-type I
Isobutyryl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency
Isovaleric acidemia (IVA)
Methylmalonic acidemia (MMA)
Propionic Acidemia
Mitochondrial acetoacetyl-CoA thiolase deficiency (BKT, 3-ketothiolase deficiency)
Multiple CoA carboxylase deficiency
OSTEOCHONDRITIS of various bones
OSTEOGENESIS IMPERFECTA
OSTEOMYELITIS, residuals of

PARAPLEGIA, traumatic, and its direct complications
PECTUS CARINATUM/PECTUS EXCAVATUM requiring surgery
PERTHES DISEASE
POLYCYSTIC KIDNEY DISEASE
PRECOCIOUS PUBERTY
PSEUDOHYPOPARATHYROIDISM
PTOSIS (drooping eyelids)
PULMONARY LOBAR EMPHYSEMA

RETINAL DETACHMENT in Marfan's syndrome
RETROLENTAL FIBROPLASIA (retinopathy of prematurity)
RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS

SCLERODERMA
SCOLIOSIS requiring bracing or surgery
SEIZURE DISORDERS, excluding febrile seizures
SHORT BOWEL SYNDROME
SPINA BIFIDA, MENINGOCELE, MYELOCELE
STRABISMUS through age 10
SUBLUXATED EYE LENS in Marfan's syndrome
SUPERNUMERARY PARTS, severe
SYNDACTYLY
SYNDROMES, limited, requiring ongoing medical treatment

THROMBOCYTOPENIA, congenital
THYROGLOSSAL DUCT CYST
T-LYMPHOCYTE IMMUNE DEFICIENCY STATE
TORTICOLLIS (wryneck, not spasmodic, requiring casting or surgery)
TRACHEAL STENOSIS
TRACHEOESOPHAGEAL FISTULA
TUBERCULOSIS OF BONES AND JOINTS
TUBEROUS SCLEROSIS

UNDESCENDED TESTES

WEGENER'S GRANULOMATOSIS

OCULAR ALBINISM, congenital
ORGANIC ACID DISORDERS, limited to: